Attachment B:

Part E6: Kensington and Kingsford Town Centres Development Control Plan 2020

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
PART A			
2.	Urban Design and Place-Making		
2.1	Guiding Principals		
	 Development within the Kensington and Kingsford town centres must align with the following urban design and place making principles which are derived from the K2K Planning Strategy and community input: Provide quality affordable housing to meet local housing needs, particularly for key workers, essential workers and students Reinforce boulevard character along Anzac Parade by strengthening the built form edge and adding greenery Achieve a dominant typology of diverse mid-rise, mixed-use buildings throughout the town centres Provide taller, slender landmark buildings at identified strategic node sites in conjunction with the delivery of substantial public benefits established through a design excellence process Protect the heritage significance of heritage items, contributory buildings and/or heritage conservation areas located within the town centres Give priority to people walking, cycling and using public transport Achieve a sensitive transition in relation to recently constructed development and surrounding established lower scaled residential neighbourhoods Create a positive street level environment through built form that allows solar amenity, permeability and maintains human scale 	The proposed development provides a mixed-use development comprising a combination of commercial, retail, and residential uses. The provision of strata- subdivided apartments of one, two and three bedrooms shall ensure a mixture of accommodation sizes. The proposed built form is largely consistent with the provisions of the Kensington and Kingsford DCP with particular regards to storey height and minor deviations from setbacks and laneway aligment fronting Anzac Parade. The proposal is not considered to detrimentally impact upon the heritage significance of adjoining contributory items subject to conditions. A supermarket will be provided as per the LEP incentives, along with affordable housing component of 6 apartments to be secured via consent conditions for the negotiation of a planning agreement.	Complies.

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	 Ensure that new infill development respects the fine-grain character of contributory buildings Establish building setback controls which provide for the creation of wider footpaths and street tree planting Achieve urban design, place and architectural excellence, including best practice environmental design Provide active street frontages throughout the town centres Encourage precinct-scale benefits across all node sites that contributes to the unique character of each town centre; and Achieve innovative place-led solutions for local hydrology and resilience. 		
3.	Desired Future Character		
4.	Design Excellence		
	 (a) All new development involving the construction of a new building or external alterations to an existing building is to meet the requirements of Clause 6.11 of the RLEP 2012 relating to design excellence Buildings are to be designed to achieve at least 5-star green star performance as a component for achieving design excellence on strategic node sites (b) DAs involving the construction of a new building on the following strategic node sites are subject to an architectural design competition in accordance with Clause 6.21 of RLEP 2012: Todman Square Precinct Kingsford Midtown Precinct Kingsford Junction Precinct (c) Prior to lodgement of DAs for strategic node sites, the architectural design competition Precinct Kingsford Strategic node sites, the architectural design competition Precinct Kingsford Junction Precinct Kingsford Junction Precinct Kingsford Junction Precinct Kingsford Junction Precinct Kingsford Strategic node sites, the architectural design competition process is to be undertaken in accordance with Council's "Architectural Competition Policy" adopted 10 December 2019 	The application was referred to Council's Design Excellence Advisory Panel who raised concerns with the proposal, which have been addressed through plan amendments and consent conditions. See Key Issues for further comment.	Acceptable.

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	 (d) For DAs at strategic node sites that successfully demonstrate design excellence, the consent authority may consider the following: (i) additional building height and FSR in accordance with the RLEP 2012 Additional Heights and Additional FSR maps; and (ii) exclusion of social infrastructure floor space provided on the site from the total gross floor area calculation, subject to the social infrastructure floor space being dedicated to Council. 		
5.	Floor Space Ratio		
	 (a) The maximum FSR that can be achieved on a site is shown on the RLEP 2012 FSR Map. An alternative FSR is applicable in accordance with the RLEP 2012 Alternative FSR Map where the proponent makes an offer to enter into a VPA for either a monetary contribution or the delivery of Community Infrastructure in accordance with the Community Infrastructure Contributions Plan (see Part D for details on Community Infrastructure Contribution) (b) In relation to the Kensington Town centre where an existing FSR Map does not apply, the Alternative FSR Map is applicable for the purposes of calculating the Community Infrastructure contribution referred to in clause (a) for any floor space above the existing height maximum control shown on the RLEP 2012 Height Map (c) A minimum non-residential FSR of 1:1 is to be provided at each strategic node site within the Todman Square, Kingsford Midtown and Kingsford Junction Precincts, in accordance with Clause 4.4 of the RLEP 2012 (d) Non-residential floor space must be designed to be accessible, useable and functional for the purposes of calculational for the purposes of calculational for the purposes of 1:1 is to be provided at each strategic node site within the Todman Square, Kingsford Midtown and Kingsford Junction Precincts, in accordance with Clause 4.4 of the RLEP 2012 	A letter of offer to enter into a VPA for the purpose of community infrastructure has been submitted. Subject to the alternative FSR provisions, the site benefits from a FSR of 4:1 along the Anzac Parade land parcels. The proposed development shall have a maximum FSR of 3.8:1. Non-residential FSR is not applicable to the subject site.	Complies.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	commercial, business, entertainment and retail activities and the like		
6.	Built Form		
	 Lot Amalgamation (a) A minimum street frontage of 20m is to be provided for each development site along Anzac Parade and Gardeners Road (b) When development/redevelopment/amalgam ation is proposed, sites between and adjacent to developable properties are not to be limited in their future development potential (c) Where a development proposal results in an isolated site, the applicant must demonstrate that negotiations between the owners of the lots have commenced prior to the lodgement of the DA to avoid the creation of an isolated site. The following information is to be included with the DA: (i) evidence of written offer (s) made to the owner of the isolated site* and any responses received (ii) schematic diagrams demonstrating how the isolated site is capable of being redeveloped in accordance with relevant provisions of the RLEP 2012 and this DCP to achieve an appropriate urban form for the location, and an acceptable level of amenity (iii) schematic diagrams showing how the isolated site could potentially be integrated into the development site in the future in accordance with relevant provisions of the RLEP 2012 and this DCP to achieve a coherent built form outcome for the block. (d) Where lot consolidation cannot be achieved to comply with the maximum envelopes in the block diagrams, alternative designs may be considered where the proposal exhibits design excellence and can demonstrate 	The site frontage shall be approximately 110m at the Anzac Parade street frontage and 90m to Boronia Street. The site to the north of the subject site is identified as a part of the Block 24 site which contains a specific building envelope anticipated for the site which does not involve the amalgamation of the subject site. The sites located to the south form are lower density dwellings that do not form a part of the K2K DCP, with predominantly compliant setbacks provided along this interface of the site. The applicant has also submitted documentation relating to the valuations and offers made to acquire 103A Anzac Parade, which were rejected by the property owners representation.	Complies.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	consistency with the relevant objectives of the block controls (Part B).		
	 Building Heights (a) The maximum height that can be achieved on a site is shown on the RLEP 2012 Height Map. An alternative maximum height is applicable in accordance with the RLEP 2012 Alternative Height Map where the proponent makes an offer to enter into a VPA for either a monetary contribution or the delivery of Community Infrastructure in accordance with the Community Infrastructure Contributions Plan. (see Part D for details on Community Infrastructure Contribution) (b) The maximum number of storeys on a site is to comply with the following: i) on sites with a maximum of 16m – 4 storeys ii) on sites with a maximum of 19m – 5 storeys iii) on sites with a maximum of 31m – 9 storeys v) on sites with a maximum 60m – 18 storeys 	A Letter of Offer has been submitted to enter into a VPA for the provision of Community Infrastructure in accordance with the CIC Plan. As such, the site is subject to an alternative building height up to a maximum of 31m. The proposed development shall have a maximum height of 36.1m which relates to lift overrun. Roof top structures in the form of the plant screening and access stair also breach the maximum 31m height limit. However, the variation predominantly relates to the roof top structures only, with the proposed development a maximum of four (4) to nine (9) storeys in accordance with the control.	Does not comply. See Key Issues and Clause 4.6 for further discussion.
	Street Walls(a) Buildings must be designed with a street wall height of 4 storeys(b) On sites with contributory buildings, the consent authority may consider a variation to the four-storey street wall height requirement of between 2 and 6 storeys if the design:(i) results in an improvement to the contributory building in accordance with established heritage principles to avoid facadism(ii) meets the objectives of this clause and exhibits design excellence(iii) retains contributory or heritage elements; and	The proposed development shall have a street wall of four (4) and storeys to Anzac Parade and Boronia Street, with a partial breach of five (5) storeys resulting from the sloped site topography along Boronia Street. However, the variation in street wall height is considered appropriate, given an increased setback has been provided to the southern boundary, no additional amenity impacts are attributed to the breach	Acceptable. See Key Issues and for further discussion.

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	 (iv) provides a transition to neighbouring sites. Note 1: Street wall height can be established via podiums, datum lines or other design elements. Note 2: See Part A Section 9 for further requirements for heritage items and contributory buildings. 	and the proposal will continue to present as a four (4) storey development from the streetscape perspective.			
	 Building Setbacks (a) DAs are to comply with the minimum ground floor and upper level setbacks illustrated in the relevant block diagrams in Part B (b) Development that results in an exposed party wall on an adjoining building is to incorporate architectural or vertical landscape treatment to improve visual amenity 	The proposal is considered to be largely consistent with the required setbacks under Block 24 in Part B, with a minor variation to the minimum setback to street frontage and the northern / southern boundary interface to provide building modulation.	Acceptable. See Key Issues and for further discussion.		
	 Building Depth (a) The residential component of development fronting Anzac Parade and Gardeners Road is to have a maximum building depth of 22m including balconies. Note 1: Building depth refers to the dimension measured from the front to the back of a building's floorplate. It has a significant influence on building circulation and configuration and impacts upon internal residential amenity such as access to light and air. For residential development, narrower building depths generally have a greater potential to achieve optimal natural ventilation and solar access than deeper floor plates. 	The maximum depth of the building shall be 20- 21m for the tower envelope above the First- Floor level.	Complies.		
7.	Through Site Links/Mid-Block Connections				
	 (a) Through site links and mid-block connections are to be provided in accordance with the relevant block diagram in Part B (b) Where new site links or variations are proposed, the consent authority is to consider the need for and desirability of the links or connections having regard to the objectives of this section 	A pedestrian through-site link is provided to the north of the site, along with a mid-block east west connection. It is noted that the alignment of these connections has deviated in response to the LEP amendment, the need to	Acceptable. Refer to Key Issues Assessment.		

DCP	Control		Proposal	Compliance
Clause				(Yes/No/NA/
				Conditioned)
	conn for pu on tit to Cc (d) Throu	ugh site links and mid-block ections are to have an easement ublic access on title or covenant le unless identified for dedication ouncil ugh-site links/ mid-block links are	accommodate a supermarket floor plate and the site topography. However, the proposed configuration will continue to satisfy the intended	
		designed to:	outcome for site	
	(i) (ii)	have a minimum width of 6m, and a clear height of at least 6m be direct and publicly accessible	permeability within the site.	
	(iii)	24 hours a day allow visibility along the length		
		of the link and be open to the sky as much as is practicable iv.		
	(iv)	be easily identified by users and have a public character		
	(v)	include signage advising of the publicly accessible status of the link and the places to which it connects		
	(vi)	be clearly distinguished from vehicle accessways		
	(vii)	align with breaks between buildings so that views are extended and there is less sense of enclosure viii.		
	(viii)	provide active edges and opportunities for natural surveillance		
	(ix)	include materials and finishes (paving materials, tree planting, furniture etc.) integrated with adjoining streets and public spaces and be graffiti and vandalism resistant		
	(x)	ensure no structures (for example, electricity substations, carpark exhaust vents, swimming pools etc) are constructed in the through-site		
	(xi)	link; and include landscaping to assist in guiding people along the link while enabling long sightlines.		
	(e) Thro	ugh-site links are only to pass		
		igh or under a building where:		
	(i)	the building's height is greater than 3 storeys; and		
	(ii)	the maximum distance of the link under any structure is 18m		

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/
			Conditioned)
8.	Laneway/Shared Way Zoned		
	 (a) Laneways and shared zones are to be provided in accordance with the relevant block diagram (see Part B) (b) Laneways are to be a minimum of 6 metres wide (for larger developments, a carriageway width greater than 6 metres may be required) and shall provide landscaping, lighting and high quality materials and finishes and opportunities for art to enhance the pedestrian environment (c) Buildings that front lanes shall be articulated to create visual interest and shall incorporate passive surveillance by orienting windows and balconies onto the lane (d) Ground floor uses fronting lanes shall incorporate openings onto the lane so as to contribute to the enjoyment and activation of the lane including outdoor dining (e) Applicants are to negotiate Rights of carriageway with adjoining property owners where required for access. 	9m wide laneway provided to southern boundary in accordance with Block 24 control in excess of the 6m minimum requirement.	Complies.
9.	Heritage Conservation		
	New development adjacent to heritage items and contributory buildings: (a) Development adjacent to heritage items and contributory buildings (infill development) should: (i) Be designed to respect the historic scale, proportions and articulation of adjacent contributory built forms, including heights, solid to void ratios and alignments of street awnings (ii) Incorporate podiums and framed overlays that reference the principle influence line of historic streetscapes, and are cohesive with the established street frontage (iii) Be designed to incorporate setbacks which retain the profile and massing of exposed side elevations to retained contributory built forms	The subject site is located adjacent to a contributory item located on the eastern side of Anzac Parade at 103A Anzac Parade. The application was referred to Council's Heritage Planner who raised no objection to the proposed development subject to recommended conditions of consent. See Assessment report and further attachment for detailed comments.	Complies.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			· (Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
PART B	 (iv) Ensure new street elevations maintain the vertical articulation and segmented character if historic building groups which provide variety to the streetscape and sense of human scale, and avoid unrelated horizontally emphasised articulation (v) Provide contemporary new signage that compliments the character of the contributory buildings and (vi) Ensure that new finishes to side elevations should not detract from street front detailing and finishes. (b) Development should maintain and reinstate the emphasis of street corners and cross routes through reinforcement of historic height lines remaining at, and adjacent to intersections. 		
10.	Block Controls		
10.3	Block by Block Controls – Other Sites		
	 (a) Development must be consistent with the relevant block envelope controls including heights, setbacks, street walls, mid-block links and laneways (b) Built form within 'Flexible Zones' is to be designed to comply with the maximum building height in the RLEP 2012, objectives of this clause and the requirements of the ADG to achieve transition to adjoining lower scale development. 	The subject site is identified as being within Block 24 of the Block controls. The proposed development provides variations to the building envelope stipulated in Block 24 due to the exclusion of the three (3) sites to the north, and minor variation to street and southern boundary interfaces. However, the proposed built form is considered to be an appropriate response to the site and is largely consistent with the building envelope specified.	Acceptable. See Key Issues and for further discussion.
PART C			
11.	Housing Mix		

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			· (Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (a) Development is to comprise a mix of apartment types, where gardens, adaptability and accessibility are more easily achievable for elderly people, families with children, or people living with disabilities (b) At least 20% of the total number of dwellings (to the nearest whole number of dwellings) within a development are to be self-contained studio dwellings or one-bedroom dwellings, or both (c) At least 20% of the total number of dwellings (to the nearest whole number of dwellings) within a development are to be 3 or more-bedroom dwellings and (d) Family friendly apartments of 3 bedrooms or more are to be located on the lower four floors of the building. 	Theproposeddevelopment incorporatesthefollowing apartmentmix:•41 x 1 Bed (21%);•122 x 2 Bed (62%);•32 x 3 Bed (16%).The proposed allocationhas generally satisfied thedwelling mix compositionof the DCP, with only aminor deficiency to the 3-bed component.Due to the nature of themixed use of thedevelopment, limitedcourtyard apartments areprovided and therefore the3 bedroom apartmentshave been allocatedacross all levels of thedevelopment includinglower levels.	Acceptable.
12.	Floor to Ceiling Heights		
	 (a) Minimum floor to ceiling heights are to be provided for all development in accordance with the following requirements: Ground Floor First Floor Upper Floors 3.5m 3.3m 2.7m 	The retail component at the Ground Floor level provides 5m internal ceiling heights. The Frist Floor level, while comprising residential provides a floor-to-floor height of 3.7m which will allow flexibility for future use should it be required. Levels 02 to 09 provides floor-to-floor heights of 3.15m which shall accommodate internal ceiling heights of 2.7m.	Complies.
13.	Solar and Daylight Access		
	 (a) Solar access is to be provided in accordance with the recommendations of PART 4 of the Apartment Design Guide (ADG) 	The proposed development shall receive solar access in accordance with the minimum requirements	Complies.

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	 (b) Buildings must ensure that areas of private or public open space are oriented to achieve the recommended level of solar amenity as per the ADG (c) In relation to student accommodation or boarding house proposals: (i) the design is to ensure that at least 60% of rooms achieve solar access during mid-winter for sites that have a north-south orientation (ii) common spaces such as lounge rooms or communal study areas are designed with a northerly aspect where possible (iii) atriums or slots in the façade are to be considered to maximise solar access to rooms. 	under the ADG, with 73% of the apartments achieving a minimum of 2 hours of direct solar access in midwinter.	
14.	Acoustic Privacy		
	 <u>Residential uses</u> (a) All new development is to be constructed to achieve the following acoustic amenity criteria for the residential component of the building in accordance with Australian Standard AS2107:2016 based on an acoustic report specified in clauses d) and k). For the purposes of this clause, the residential component includes dwellings situated within shop top housing, mixed use buildings, or occupancies in student housing, boarding houses, serviced apartments, hotel and motel accommodation. (b) In naturally ventilated spaces for the residential component, the repeatable maximum Leq (1hour) should not exceed: i) 35 dB(A) between 10.00 pm and 7.00 am in sleeping areas when the windows are closed; ii) 40 dB(A) in sleeping areas when windows are open (24 hours); iii) 45 dB(A) in living areas (24 hours) when the windows are open. (c) Where natural ventilation cannot achieve the limits listed in clause b) the development is to include 	The application was referred to Council's Environmental Health Officer who has provided a series of recommended conditions to ensure that the acoustic requirements of the development are achieved. The acoustic environment was also reviewed by the RMS, who did not raise concern in relation to the proposal subject to recommended conditions. It is noted that the interface with the loading dock access along the southern boundary was reviewed and supported, subject to conditions including a time restriction on operations.	Complies, subject to condition.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/
			Conditioned)
	 mechanical ventilation, air conditioning or other complying means of ventilation (in accordance with the ventilation requirements of the Building Code of Australia and Australian Standard AS 1668.2-2012), when doors and windows are shut. In such circumstances the repeatable maximum Leq (1hour) with the alternative ventilation operating should not exceed: (i) 38 dB(A) between 10.00 pm and 7.00 am in sleeping areas; (ii) 46 dB(A) in living areas (24 hours); (iii) (45 dB(A) in sleeping areas between 7.00 am and 10.00 pm. (d) Notwithstanding the general noise criteria for environmental noise set out in clauses b) and c) for habitable rooms in the residential component of the proposed development is to incorporate noise control measures to ensure the standard LA10 Condition imposed by Liquor & Gaming NSW is satisfied inside those occupied spaces with doors and windows closed and the alternative ventilation is operating as follows: (i) The cumulative LA10* from licensed premises shall not exceed the background noise level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz – 8 kHz inclusive) by more than 5 dB between 7am and midnight. (ii) The cumulative LA10* from licensed premises shall not exceed the background noise level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz – 8 kHz inclusive) between midnight and 7am. (iii) The noise from licensed premises shall not exceed the background noise level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz – 8 kHz inclusive) between midnight and 7am. 		Conditioned)
	maximum deflection of the noise		

DCP	Co	ntrol	Proposal	Compliance
Clause				(Yes/No/NA/
				Conditioned)
		level emitted from the licensed premises.		
	(e)	For the purpose of acoustic		
	(0)	assessment with respect to clauses a),		
		b) c) and d) the assessment must		
		identify the noise environment for the		
		site as a result of the existing situation		
		(including any business operations		
		that include outdoor areas for use by		
		patrons, and/or the provision of music		
		entertainment) and noise generated by		
		commercial premises within the mixed		
		use building (this may involve		
		consideration of potential uses if the commercial use is unknown at the time		
		of the application for the mixed-use		
		building).		
	(f)	All development is to be designed to		
	()	minimise noise transition between		
		apartments by adopting general noise		
		concepts of:		
		(i) locating busy, noisy areas next		
		to each other and quieter areas		
		next to other quiet areas, for		
		example, living rooms next to		
		living rooms, bedrooms with bedrooms		
		(ii) locating bedrooms away from		
		busy roads and other existing or		
		potential noise sources		
		(iii) using storage or circulation		
		zones within the apartment to		
		buffer noise from adjacent		
		apartments, mechanical		
		services or corridors and lobby		
		(iv) minimising the amount of party		
		(iv) minimising the amount of party (shared) walls with other		
		apartments.		
	(a)	Noise transmission is to be reduced		
	(3)	from common corridors by providing		
		seals at entry doors		
	(h)	Conflicts between noise, outlook and		
		views are to be resolved using design		
		measures such as double glazing,		
		operable screening and ventilation		
		taking into account noise targets for		
		habitable rooms as identified in		
		clauses b) c) and d) above are assessed inside the rooms with doors		
L		assessed inside the rooms with doors		l

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause	Control	Fioposai	-
			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 and windows closed and ventilation operating. (i) The design of the building is to address the requirements of clause d) with respect to noise from licensed premises and noise/vibration from mechanical plant and ventilation ducts associated with plant and equipment (including kitchen exhausts) serving the commercial spaces. (j) The design of new buildings or substantial alterations to existing buildings are to take into account the following noise conditions that would apply to each commercial plant and the use of the premises when assessed as in LAeq, 15 minute must not exceed the LA90, 15 minute background noise level by more the 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises when in use. (ii) Noise from the provision of entertainment and patron noise when assessed as an LA10* enters any residential use through and internal to internal transmission path is not to exceed the existing internal LA90, 15 minute level in any Octave Band Centre Frequency (31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) when assessed within a habitable room at any affected residential use within the mixed use development between midnight and 7am. (ii) For any gymnasiums or similar facilities in mixed use development the above noise conditions would apply noting that the noise limits include the creation of noise as a result of any vibration induced into the 		Conditioned)

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause	Control	rioposai	-
			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	building structure is to be inaudible in any residence		
	between the hours of 10pm and		
	7am the following day.		
	(iv) The noise limits in this clause		
	applies with doors and windows		
	closed and mechanical		
	ventilation operating.		
	(k) A noise and vibration assessment		
	report, prepared by an appropriately		
	qualified acoustical		
	consultant/engineer, is to be submitted		
	with DAs for new buildings or substantial alterations to existing		
	buildings that include residential units		
	or occupancies in student housing,		
	boarding houses, serviced apartments,		
	hotel and motel accommodation and		
	any other sensitive land uses,		
	addressing appropriate measures to		
	minimise potential future noise and		
	vibration impacts permissible in the B2 Local Centre Zone including amplified		
	music associated with restaurants,		
	small bars and cafes, noise from light		
	rail movements. This assessment is to:		
	(i) be prepared having regard to		
	the NSW Environmental		
	Protection Authority's Noise		
	Policy for Industry, the DECC		
	(EPA) Assessing Vibration, a		
	Technical Guideline, and relevant Australian Standards		
	pertaining to noise		
	measurements and the noise		
	conditions identified above		
	(ii) incorporate an assessment of		
	external noise sources and		
	internal noise sources (such as		
	mechanical ventilation) with		
	respect to the criteria specified		
	in b), c) and d); and (iii) detail the design measures		
	needed to achieve the required		
	internal acoustic amenity		
	specified in b), c) and d).		
	Note: The noise and vibration assessment		
	report prepared at the DA stage will		
	identify a noise design base for the entire		
	mixed use building and would become the		
	benchmark for subsequent assessments		

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/
	of the entire mixed use building (or existing buildings subject to substantial alterations) and would become the benchmark for subsequent acoustic assessments. Any individual Das for commercial occupation within the mixed- use building or the altered existing building for an accompanying acoustic assessment is required to rely on the acoustic benchmark described above. (iv) To maintain the intent of the acoustic objectives, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate or an Occupation Certificate, a certificate of acoustic compliance confirming compliance with the specified noise limits referred to above and the noise design base for the mixed use building or alterations to existing buildings is to be submitted to Council.		Conditioned)
	 <u>Commercial Uses</u> The assessment for consideration of the future development within the town centre is to also consider an external noise external target of 70 dB(A) for general noise and an L10* level of 80 dB(A)/ 88 dB(C) when assessed at 1 metre from the future development, noting that future venues where entertainment is to be provided will be subject to the standard LA10 Condition in relation to the operation of those premises. (m) The site and building layout for new development in the town centre is to maximise acoustic privacy by providing adequate building separation within the development and from neighbouring buildings (refer 3.1.6: Building Separation). Note 1: The noise and vibration report prepared at the DA stage will identify a noise design base for the entire mixed use building and would become the benchmark for subsequent acoustic assessments of that building. 	As above, the application was referred to Council's Environmental Health Officer who has imposed a series of conditions to ensure compliance with the relevant noise criteria.	Complies.

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	Note 2: To maintain the intent of the acoustic objectives prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate or an Occupation Certificate there will be a requirement for a certificate of acoustic compliance confirming compliance with the specified noise limits referred to above and the noise design base for the mixed use building.		
15.	Natural Ventilation		
	 (a) All buildings are to be designed to comply with the Apartment Design Guide (SEPP 65) to maximise opportunities for natural ventilation and sunlight by providing a combination of: corner apartments dual aspect apartments dual aspect apartments shallow, single-aspect apartments openable windows and doors other ventilation devices (b) Window placement, size, glazing selection and orientation are to maximise opportunities for cross ventilation, taking advantage of prevailing breezes; (c) Internal corridors, lobbies, communal areas shall incorporate adequate natural ventilation; (d) Basements levels including spaces used for storage, garbage areas or commercial activities, are to be designed to include natural ventilation; (e) Apartment depth is to be limited to maximise the opportunity for cross ventilation and airflow. 	The proposal shall comply with the relevant provision of the ADG, with 61% of the apartments cross- ventilated.	Complies.
16.	Articulation and Modulation	·	
	 (a) All buildings are to provide articulation by incorporating a variety of window openings, balcony types, balustrades, fins, blade walls, parapets, sun-shade devices and louvres to add visual depth to the façade; (b) The design of buildings are to avoid large areas of blank walls. Where blank walls are unavoidable, they must be treated and articulated to achieve 	The proposed building facades are considered to be sufficiently articulated by a combination of recessed and protruding elements, a variety of window types, the use of balconies, and architectural framing.	Complies.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 an appropriate presentation to the public domain; (c) Ground floor shopfronts must demonstrate 'fine grained' articulation by dividing the façade into discreet bays or sections; (d) Entries to business premises should be clearly defined and distinguished from entries to residential components; (e) Specific architectural response to articulation and modulation is to be provided at key node sites through the architectural competition process; (f) Building articulation should be sympathetic and complementary to the adjoining built form; (g) Corner buildings are to be expressed by giving visual prominence to parts of the façade (eg a change in building articulation, material or colour, roof expression or increased height). Corner buildings should be designed to add variety and interest to the street and present each frontage as a main street. 		
17.	Materials and Finishes		
	 (a) External walls are to be constructed of high quality and durable materials and finishes. Materials that may be subject to corrosion, susceptible to degradation or high maintenance costs are to be avoided; (b) Architectural treatment of street facades is to clearly define a base, middle and top sections of a building so as to divide the mass of the building; (c) A combination of finishes, colours and materials are to be used to articulate building facades; (d) Design windows that can be cleaned from inside the building; and (e) For sites adjoining heritage and contributory buildings, materials and tinishes are to allow for their clear interpretation. 	The proposed development provides a variety of materials and finishes to articulate the building facades. No concerns were raised by Council's Design Excellence Advisory Panel in relation to materiality, noting the amendments made to respond to their feedback during the assessment.	Complies.
18.	Awnings		
	 (a) Continuous pedestrian shelter must be provided to Anzac Parade, Gardeners Road and secondary streets by 	An 3m awning shall be provided along the	Complies.

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/
	 elements including awnings, posted verandas, colonnades or cantilevered building mass (b) The design of new awnings should complement the design of adjoining awnings and complement the building façade (c) Awnings are to be carefully located and set back to avoid obstructing vehicle sightlines, traffic signals, intersections, pedestrian crossings and other critical road infrastructure. (d) Awnings should wrap around corners where a building is sited on a street corner (e) Awning dimensions for buildings fronting Anzac Parade, secondary streets off Anzac Parade, and Gardeners Road are to provide: a minimum width of 3m a minimum 1 metre setback from the kerb a low profile, with slim vertical facias or eaves, generally not exceeding 300mm (f) In relation to laneways, awnings: - must be well designed to provide shelter for entrances and should relatit to the ground floor building uses such as outdoor dining; - are to be cantilevered with no posts (with a retractable arm); - must allow for a minimum 1.8m path of travel along the formation. 	link. The awning design allows for the planting of street trees and has incorporated a planter / landscaping element above. The awning shall not be higher than 4.2m above the footpath and shall be low profile.	Conditioned)
40	building edge.		
19.	 Active Street Frontages (a) Required active frontages are to be provided in accordance with RLEP 2012 (Clause 6.20) Active frontages Map (b) Preferred active frontages are to be provided in accordance with Part B – Block Controls of this DCP c) (c) A minimum of 80% of the street frontage on Anzac Parade is to incorporate transparent glazing on the ground floor façade 	The proposed development provides an active street frontage along Anzac Parade and to the through site link as required by the control. The Ground Floor level of the development fronting Anzac Parade shall be fully glazed for the retail and supermarket portion of the premises.	Acceptable.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (d) The ground floor is to maximise entrie or display windows and provide at least 1 pedestrian opening per 5m of facade on Anzac Parade or secondary streets and wrapping shopfronts around corners (e) The ground floor of uses fronting lane ways must provide a continuous retail frontage with at least 1 pedestrian entry or door per 10m of façade (f) The ground floor of uses fronting midblock links/arcades must provide at least one 1 pedestrian entry or door per 15m of façade (g) A minimum of 50% of a blank wall (larger than 10m2) visible from the public domain must incorporate greenery and/or public art (h) Entrances to internally oriented shopping or commercial arcades and the arcades themselves, must be a minimum of 6m wide (i) Solid non-transparent roller shutters are discouraged. Where security grills or screens are required, they are to be installed at least 1m behind the glazing line and of lattice design with an openness to allow viewing of the interior and internal lighting to spill onto the footpath (j) Incorporate outdoor dining wherever possible in accordance with Part D12, Footpath Dining and Trading of DCP 2013. 	 are provided along the frontage, along with pedestrian access to residential lobbies across the entirety of this frontage. The southern façade provides a blank wall visible from the public domain and a condition of consent is recommended for a minimum of 50% of the wall to incorporate greenery or public art. Windows are provided along the northern boundary interface with the future redevelopment site. The design of the development has incorporated a future pedestrian 	
20.	Landscape Area		
	 (a) The total landscaped area to be provided on a site is to be at least 100% of the total site area, spread throughout the site and building as shown in Figure 16. (b) Landscaped open space requirements of Chapter C2 (Medium Density Residential) do not apply to land within the Kingsford and Kensington Town Centres other than clauses 2.2.2 and 2.3 relating to deep soil areas and private and communal open space. (c) Landscaping must be suitable to the building orientation aspect, wind and other relevant environmental factors. 	scheme and is spread	Acceptible.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/
			Conditioned)
	 (d) A minimum of 40% of the total gross landscaped area including communal open space is to include areas with sufficient soil depth and structure to accommodate mature trees and 	compliant basement parking and ground level activation at the ground plane. The proposed landscaping	
	 planting. A combination of trees, shrubs and ground cover is encouraged to make the landscaping more attractive and long lasting. 	composition is generally consistent with the intent of the control and has incorporated viable	
	(e) A minimum of 25% of the ground plane and share-ways are to be landscaped sufficient in size and dimensions to accommodate trees and significant planting.	landscaping zones as a part of both communal and private open space. The proposed deficiency is	
	(f) Green walls can only contribute up to 20% of the total gross landscaped area and will be assessed on the merits of the proposal in terms of quality of green infrastructure and verification from a qualified landscape architect.	supported in the site context and further improvements have been conditioned via enhanced green wall features.	
	(g) Roof tops can only contribute up to 30% of the total gross landscape area and the area is to be designed to maximise visibility of planting from the public domain. Rooftops may include communal food farms and food production areas.		
	 (h) Technical, structural and ongoing maintenance arrangements of proposed roof top gardens and green walls are to be documented by a qualified landscape architect and incorporated into the development 		
	 proposal. (i) The area dedicated to roof top solar (PV infrastructure) is not to be counted as part of the total gross landscape area. 		
	 Where green roofs and green walls are provided, these shall comply with requirements contained in Chapter B4 (clause 4). 		
	 (k) Despite the provision of a green wall, all facades are to meet design excellence requirements including building articulation and modulation specified in section 16 of this section of the DCP. 		
	 In addition to the requirements of Part B4 (Landscaping and Biodiversity), all 		

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 DAs for sites within the Kensington and Kingsford town centres must submit a landscape plan addressing the following requirements: (i) quantity of landscaping provided on site; (ii) scaled drawings of all areas; (iii) how landscaping would complement the architectural style of building and assists in its presentation to the streetscape and high visibility; (iv) rainwater harvesting and other irrigation methods proposed; (v) full construction details of soil profile, method of attachment to the building, and drainage/waterproofing; and (vi) engineering certification confirming building can withstand planting and associated structures. Note 1 'Ground plane' refers to spaces between buildings on the ground level providing for landscaping, pedestrian access and physical connections to the street. Note 2: 'Gross Landscape Area' refers to the sum of all landscaped areas within a development and may include (but is not limited to) ground plane, gardens, outdoor terraces, planter boxes, sky gardens, roof 		
21.	terraces, and green walls. Transport, Traffic, Parking & Access		<u> </u>
	 (a) Vehicle parking within the Kensington and Kingsford town centres is to be provided in accordance with the rates outlined in the tables below. Parking requirements for all other development types not specified in the table below are contained in section 3.2 Vehicle Parking Rates (of Chapter B7) (b) Where practical, parking access and/or loading is to be provided from secondary streets (rather than directly off Anzac Parade or gardeners Road), set back at least 6m from the intersection or the rear lane 	The application was referred to Council's Development Engineer. See detailed comments further in report. Minor deficiency of 4 car spaces supported on merit.	Acceptable.

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (c) Basement carpark access must comply with the requirements of B8: Water Management (d) Parking access and/or loading areas are to be designed as recessive components of the elevation so as to minimise the visual impact (e) Parking is to be accommodated underground where possible (f) Sub-basement car parking is to be no more than 1.2m above existing ground level; (g) Provide flexible hardstand area for the purposes of bicycle maintenance and repairs (h) Where a variation to the DCP Car Parking rates is sought, the proponent shall respond directly to Control i), 3.3 Exceptions to Parking Rates of the DCP 2013 (i) A Green Travel Plan is required to accompany all DAs for new buildings and substantial alterations to existing buildings. The Green Travel Plans is to set out: (ii) Future travel mode share targets, specifically a reduction in car driver mode share iii) (iii) Travel demand management strategies to encourage sustainable travel iii) (iii) Initiatives to implement and monitor travel measures such as car share and bike share; and iii) (iv) alignment with Control i), 3.3 Exceptions to Parking Rates of this DCP. (j) Car share spaces are to be provided in accordance with Part B7: 2.2 (Car Share) of this DCP (k) All DAs are to provide electric charging stations in an accessible location on site. 		
22.	Sustainability		
	(a) All buildings must achieve a minimum green star certification rating of 5 or	The application is	Complies, subject

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 equivalent (other recognised rating tools) (b) DAs for strategic node sites must be designed to achieve a GBCA exceeding Five-Star Green Star Design as Built with a sustainability strategy giving priority to the following innovations: - Waste collection (e.g. Automated underground waste) Renewable energy opportunities Water harvesting and re-use Vertical and Roof Greening Buildings shall incorporate passive design strategies in addition to materials which have less embodied energy, reducing operational energy and focussing on on-going well being of occupants (c) All development must address the requirements of Part B3- Ecologically Sustainable Development of this DCP (d) Applications for new commercial office development premises and hotel/motel accommodation with a floor area of 1,000m2 or more must achieve a minimum NABERS 6- star Energy and NABERS 5-star or 6-star Water rating (e) All development must address the requirements of B6 Recycling and Waste Management (g) All new buildings are to provide a space for storage and sorting of problem waste such as E-waste, clothing, and hazardous waste. (h) All new development (other than alterations and additions, or development that is minor or ancillary in nature) is to incorporate a localised automated waste collection system in accordance with Council's Automated Collection System Guidelines. 	supported by a BASIX Certificate and NatHERS Certificate demonstrating compliance, and a targeted five star green star rating equivalent. A condition of consent is recommended to ensure the nominated requirement for solar panel are shown on plans and complied with in the development. A condition of consent shall be imposed to ensure electric charging points are provided at a ratio of 1 per 5 spaces, as annotated on the DA plans. There is sufficient space within the basement waste areas for the storage and sorting of e- waste, clothing and hazardous waste. It is considered that basement level can accommodate an automated waste collection system, a condition of consent shall be imposed to ensure that the waste system is implement at the site with details to be approved by Council.	to condition.
23.	Water Management		
	 (a) DAs must address Part B8 – Water Management of the Randwick DCP 2013 in relation to water conservation, groundwater and flooding and Water Sensitive Urban Design 	The application was referred to Council's Development Engineer who has recommended a	Complies, subject to condition.

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (b) In addition to requirements of Part B8, applications for basement level/s must include: (i) detailed designs by a qualified hydrological or structural engineer for a water-proof retention system (fully-tanked structure) with adequate provision for future fluctuations of water table variation of at least +/- 1 metre; and (ii) certification from a second qualified hydrological engineer experienced in the design of structures below a water table that the design of the groundwater management system will not have any adverse effects on surrounding property or infrastructure. 	series of conditions of consent in relation to water management. Conditions and general terms have also been provided by Water NSW which shall be incorporated into the development consent.	
	 Flooding (a) Building design is to facilitate adaptation to different commercial and retail uses, as well as the integration of flooding solutions into the built form, resulting in a floor-to-floor ground floor height between 4.5m and 6m. 	Proposed flood planning levels were reviewed and supported by Council's Development Engineer.	Complies
24.	Aircraft Operations		
	 (a) DAs involving the use of cranes during construction and light poles must ensure compliance with Clause. 6.8 of the RLEP 2012 in relation to Airport Operations (b) Applications for new buildings and cranes during construction must meet the requirements of Part F3 - Sydney Airport Planning and Noise Impacts of the Randwick DCP 2013 (c) Applications for development that exceed 51m AHD at Kingsford will be subject to an assessment process under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations, 1996.* 	The application was referred to Sydney Airport Corporation who raised no objection to the proposed development. Conditions of consent shall be imposed in relation to any controlled activities and the requirements of Sydney Airport.	Complies.
	* Note : Proposals that penetrate prescribed airspace above 51m AHD may affect the safety of existing and future air transport operations at Sydney Airport and as such may not be approved under		

DCP Clause	Control the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations, 1996. Further information can be obtained from the Commonwealth Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communications, the agency responsible for development approvals that constitute "controlled activities" (under the Airports Act 1996) affecting Sydney Airport.	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
PART D			
27.	 Solar Access – Public Open Space (a) New buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings are to be designed to ensure that that the following locations shown on Figures 17a and 17b are not overshadowed by more than 10% in mid-winter (June 22nd) between the hours of 12noon and 2pm: Kensington Public School Duke St Plaza Bowral St Plaza Uni Lodge Plaza Addison St Plaza Kokoda Park Todman Ave Plaza Meeks St Plaza Borrodale Road widening Town Square Plaza Market Site corner Triangle site corner Dacey Gardens (b) New buildings and alterations to existing buildings are to retain solar access to a minimum of 50% of the site area of key public places identified in a) and shown on Figures 17a and 17b for a minimum of 3 hours in mid- winter (June 22nd). 	The Duke Street Plaza adjoins the site to the south. The proposed development shall start to overshadow the plaza area from approximately 12noon, with the plaza predominantly overshadowed during the morning period. The solar access from 12 until 2pm is considered to be sufficient and consistent with the control.	Complies.
28.	 Wind Flow (a) DAs are to include a Wind Impact Assessment for new buildings over nine (9) storeys in height. The findings of the Wind Impact Assessment are to provide design solutions to minimise the impact of wind on the public and private domain 	The application was supported by a Wind Impact Assessment which concludes that the proposed development shall have minimal effect on the local wind environment and shall not	Acceptable.

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (b) Development must not create a ground level environment where additional generated wind speeds exceed: (i) 10 metres per second for active frontages along Anzac Parade and (ii) 16 metres per second for all other streets (c) Buildings over 9 storeys are to incorporate design features that ameliorate existing adverse wind conditions so that the above criteria is achieved (d) Building design is to minimise adverse wind effects on recreation facilities and open spaces within developments (e) Balconies are to be designed to minimise wind impacts and maximise usability and comfort through recessed balconies, operable screens, pergolas and shutters (f) Balconies must be recessed on buildings over 45m in height. 	result in any significant impact upon pedestrian comfort or safety, with wind conditions acceptable for pedestrian standing or walking. The proposed planter bed treatments of the rooftop communal open space has also been incorporated in accordance with wind report recommendations.	
29.	Public Art		
	 (a) Public Art is to be generally be consistent with Council's Public Art Strategy (b) All sites with frontages greater than 12 metres and corner sites, must incorporate artistic elements into the built form such as creative paving, window treatments, canopy design, balustrading, signage and wayfinding, lighting to assist illumination levels after dark and the promotion of active uses in the public spaces (c) In addition to clause 29(b) site specific public art is to be provided on identified sites, plazas and mid-block links as per the block by block controls in Part B of this DCP (d) Public art is to be located in areas which offer the public a free and unobstructed visual experience of the work (e) Incorporate creative lighting, decorative elements and/or murals in laneways, share ways and pedestrian links 	The proposed southern elevation wall will be conditioned to incorporate additional public art installations.	Complies. Subject to condition.

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance	
OlduSt			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)	
	 (f) Submit an Arts Statement which identifies the reasons for the chosen themes, and their interpretation into specific treatments with the DA. 		,	
30.	Affordable Housing			
	 (a) All development within the 'Kensington and Kingsford Town Centres Affordable Housing Contributions Area' (Figure 18) must contribute towards the provision of affordable housing based on the following rates: Table - Affordable Housing Contributions Table - Affordable Housing Contributions Tom 13 August 2020 up to and including 13 August 2022 bits State 13 August 2022 bits State Stan whole unit is provided (b) Affordable Housing contributions are to be provided in accordance with the Affordable Housing Plan 2019 for the 	A letter of offer has been provided by the Applicant which agrees to enter into a VPA for the provision of affordable housing contributions. The offer identifies that housing stock shall be dedicated to Council in the form of 550m ² or 3% of the total floor area. Appropriate conditions of consent shall be imposed for the provision of affordable housing contributions.	Complies.	
	 Kensington and Kingsford Town Centres (c) The affordable housing contribution rate is to apply to the residential gross floor area component of the development (d) Contributions towards affordable housing are to be provided through a dedication of completed units with any remainder paid as a monetary contribution in accordable with the affordable housing contributions table referred to in clause a). *Note the Affordable Housing 			
	Contributions Area corresponds to the B2 Local Centre Zone boundary.			
31.	Community Infrastructure			
	 (a) In accordance with Clause 6.17 of the RLEP 2012 an alternative building height and additional floor space ratio may be achievable where Council and the proponent of the DA have agreed to or entered into a planning agreement for the basis of paying the Community Infrastructure Charge (b) The delivery of Community Infrastructure is to be carried out in accordance with the Kensington and 	A letter of offer has been provided by the Applicant which agrees to enter into a VPA for the provision of community infrastructure contributions. The offer identifies that work-in-kind and a monetary contribution shall be provided. Appropriate conditions of consent shall	Complies.	

DCP	Control	Proposal	Compliance
Clause		Toposa	
			(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	Kingsford Town Centres Community Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019. Note 1: Community Infrastructure Charge Community infrastructure is identified in the Schedule of community Infrastructure within the Kensington and Kingsford Town Centres Community Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2020. It includes development for the purposes of recreation areas, recreation facilities, public roads, community facilities and drainage. In order for this community infrastructure to be provided, the following types of community infrastructure contributions will be considered: A monetary contribution (Community Infrastructure Charge); or Dedication of land or property; or Carrying out works; or A combination of all the above. The Community Infrastructure Charge is set out in the Kensington and Kingsford Town Centres Community Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2019. A voluntary planning agreement is the means by which the Community Infrastructure will be delivered on a given site.	be imposed for the provision of affordable housing contributions.	Conditioned)
32.	Public Domain and Landscape		
	 (a) Development within the public domain is to be consistent with Figures 17a and 17b: The Public Domain Strategy. (b) DAs for new buildings and substantial alterations and additions to more than 50% of the existing floor area are to be accompanied by a Public Domain Plan that demonstrates consistency with the public domain objectives within this DCP and addresses the following: (i) street levels (ii) interface between the public and private domains, including levels (iii) detail of the entire adjoining streets (iv) collection, flow and treatment of stormwater (v) paving and other hard surfaces 	The proposed involves the upgrading of the public domain including new street trees, footpaths, seating etc in accordance with the requirements. Detailed specifications of the works will be undertaken in consultation with Council as a part of the planning agreement.	Complies.

DCP	Control		Proposal	Compliance
Clause			i ioposai	·
				(Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	(vi)	street trees and other		
		vegetation – Randwick Street		
		Tree Master Plan		
	(vii)	lighting		
	(viii)	safety		
	(ix)	seating and other furniture stairs and other methods of		
	(x)	managing gradient change		
	(xi)	refuse bins		
	(xii)	signage, including interpretation		
	()	and wayfinding signage		
	(xiii)	public art		
	(xiv)	water sensitive urban design		
		(WSUD) such as landscaped		
		swales to improve the quality of		
		water entering the ground		
	(xv)	through site links and shared zones		
	(c) Stree	et trees are to be provided in		
		ordance with the Randwick Street		
		Master Plan and the Light Rail		
		an Design Guidelines.		
	(d) Deve	elopment adjacent to lanes should		
		ide for:		
	(i)	Active ground floor uses to		
	(::)	encourage pedestrian activity		
	(ii)	Adequate setbacks from sensitive land uses such as		
		residential and schools		
	(iii)	Adequate lighting to address		
	()	safety		
	(iv)	Design solutions that maintain		
		public access at all times		
		regardless of mobility		
		impairments		
	(v)	Business servicing that can		
		reasonably take place with minimal pedestrian conflict.		
		•		
34.	Air Qua	are to include a report from a	E	
	``	all to include a report from a ably qualified air quality consultant	Consent conditions	Complies.
		addresses building design	recommended for	
		tions and construction measures	appropriate construction	
		reduce air pollution and improve	measures and the	
		or air quality for occupants	proposal was supported by Transport for NSW,	
	· · /	are to submit a statement which	subject to conditions.	
	-	ains how the proposal has		
		essed the NSW Government		
		elopment near rail corridors and		
	busy	roads – Interim Guideline'		

DCP Clause	Control	Proposal	Compliance (Yes/No/NA/ Conditioned)
	 (c) Air intake for proposals are to be sited well away from Anzac Parade or the pollution source (e.g on top of tall buildings) or provided with filtration to remove particulates; and (d) DAs for sensitive land uses such as childcare centres, schools or aged care facilities must submit an air quality study prepared by a suitably qualified expert demonstrating how air pollution exposure and health risks will be mitigated. 		

SEPP 65 and Apartment Design Guide Compliance Table

Clause	Design Cri	teria		Proposal	Compliance
	iting the Dev				
3D-1		I and Public O	pen Space		
	area equal to 25% of the site (1,574m ²)			2,910m ² or 46.2% of the site if provided for communal open space.	Complies.
	Developments achieve a minimum of 50% direct sunlight to the principal usable part of the communal open space for a minimum of 2 hours between 9 am and 3 pm on 21 June (mid-winter).			Several areas of communal open space are provided at the ground floor, podium in the form of courtyards and roof top terraces. The proposed areas shall receive a minimum of 2 hours of solar access to at least 50% of the COS in midwinter.	Complies.
3E-1	Deep Soil 2				
	minimum re Site Area	equirements: Minimum Dimension	Deep Soil Zone (% of site area)	An area of deep soil planting is provided to the rear of the site, with an area of only 90m ² . However, the provisions of 25 poto	Acceptable.
	Greater than 1500m ²	6m	7% (440.72m²)	provisions of 3E note that compliance may not be achievable on sites within a business zone (such as the subject site) and due to the nature of the development, being a high density mixed-use	
25.4				development. In addition, the proposed deficiency has been offset through adequate landscape planting on structure, which accounts for a composition of 4,458m ² or 70% of site across all levels of the façade, ground plane and roof level. Further conditions are also recommended to increase landscape features within residential lobbies.	
3F-1	Visual Priv				
	Separation between windows and balconies is provided to ensure visual privacy is achieved. Minimum required separation distances from buildings to the side and rear boundaries are as follows:		Rear (western side) Ground Level storey: min 3m 2-9 storeys: min 6m / habitable living	Acceptable. See Key Issues for further discussion.	

Clause	Design Criteria	a		Proposal		Compliance
	Building Height	Habitable Rooms and Balconies	Non- habitable rooms	recessed floor plate. Northern si		
	Up to 12m (4 storeys)	6m	3m	Ground Flo 2-9 storeys	or level: Nil :: min 3m	
	Up to 25m (5-8 storeys)	9m	4.5m	setback is f minimal gla	•	
	Over 25m (9+ storeys)	12m	6m	Southern S Ground F storeys: 9m 2 - 4 s	Floor Level	
	Note: Separa buildings on the required buildin on the type of r	ng separatio	hould combine ons depending		azing to be ed and vith privacy	
	Gallery acces treated as measuring priv between neight	habitable /acy separa	space when tion distances	provided b internal el the	paration is between the levations of proposed	
	Increased sepa 3m when adjac lower residentia	ent to a diffe al density.	erent zone with	developme 1-8.	nt at levels	
3G	Pedestrian acc					
3G-1	Multiple entries building entries entries) should street edge Entry locations subdivision pa pedestrian netw Building entri identifiable and be clearly dis entries	and individu be provided attern and vork ies should communal stinguishable	al ground floor to activate the he street and the existing be clearly entries should from private	circulation afforded to and to frontages.	entries and areas all buildings both street	
3G-2	Building access stairwells and visible from communal space The design underground of changes along Steps and ramp the overall build For large devel should be prov- residents (see f For large devel and audio/vid provided to mate	hallways sho the public ces. of ground car parks r pathways an os should be ding and land opments 'way vided to assi figure 4T.3). lopments ele eo intercom	floors and floors and ninimise level d entries. integrated into lscape design. y finding' maps st visitors and ctronic access n should be	identifiable, provides architectura to differenti retail/busin	Il be clearly , the lobby a distinct al character iate from the ess uses. nave been ed into the of the	
3G-3	Pedestrian link direct connecti streets, centres	ons to oper	n space, main	northern pe has been	est and future edestrian link provided on future use in	

Clause	Design Criteria	Proposal	Compliance
	Pedestrian links should be direct, have	conjunction with the	
	clear sight lines, be overlooked by	adjoining sites in	
	habitable rooms or private open spaces of	accordance with the	
	dwellings, be well lit and contain active	K2K DCP.	
3H-1	uses, where appropriate.		
511-1	Car park access should be integrated with	A driveway ramp has	Acceptable.
	the building's overall facade. Design	been provided from the	
	solutions may include:	centre of Boronia Street	
	the materials and colour palette to	for residential and	
	minimise visibility from the street	commercial parking as	
	 security doors or gates at entries 	a part of the ground	
	that minimise voids in the façade	level facade. In	
	where doors are not provided, the	addition, a separate loading zone access	
	visible interior reflects the facade	has been incorporated	
	design and the building services, pipes and ducts are concealed.	within the southern 9m	
	Car park entries should be located behind	setback and at the	
	the building line.	lowest point of the site	
	Vehicle entries should be located at the	to support the	
	lowest point of the site minimising ramp	supermarket use	
	lengths, excavation and impacts on the	identified in the Randwick LEP. The	
	building form and layout.	proposed wraparound	
	Car park entry and access should be located on secondary streets or lanes	access to the loading	
	where available.	dock is not visible from	
	Vehicle standing areas that increase	the public domain and	
	driveway width and encroach into setbacks	does not comprise	
	should be avoided.	impacts to the façade	
	Access point locations should avoid	design.	
	headlight glare to habitable rooms.	Traditionally all	
	Adequate separation distances should be provided between vehicle entries and	vehicular access for the	
	street intersections The width and number	existing commercial	
	of vehicle access points should be limited	developments was	
	to the minimum.	orientated to the	
	Visual impact of long driveways should be	secondary street	
	minimised through changing alignments	frontage and this	
	and screen planting.	configuration is retained	
	The need for large vehicles to enter or turn	as a part of the proposal.	
	around within the site should be avoided.	proposal.	
	Garbage collection, loading and servicing areas are screened.		
	Clear sight lines should be provided at		
	pedestrian and vehicle crossings.		
	Traffic calming devices such as changes in		
	paving material or textures should be used		
	where appropriate.		
	Pedestrian and vehicle access should be		
	separated and distinguishable. Design solutions may include:		
	changes in surface materials		
	 level changes 		
	 the use of landscaping for 		
	separation		
3J-1	Bicycle and Car Parking		
	For sites located within 800m of a light rail	The proposed	Complies.
	stop, the minimum car parking requirement	development provides	

Clause	Design Criteria	Proposal	Compliance
	for residents and visitors is set out in the	adequate parking in	-
	Guide to Traffic Generating Developments,	accordance with the	
	or the car parking requirement prescribed	provisions of the Guide	
	by the relevant council, whichever is less.	to Traffic Generating	
		Developments, which is	
	The car parking needs for a development	the lesser requirement	
	must be provided off street	in this instance.	
Part 4: De	esigning the Building		
4A	Solar and Daylight Access		
	Living rooms and private open spaces of at	73% of the apartments	Complies.
	least 70% of apartments in a building	shall receive a	-
	receive a minimum of 2 hours direct	minimum of 2 hours of	
	sunlight between 9 am and 3 pm at mid	direct sunlight between	
	Winter.	9am and 3pn in	
		midwinter.	
		The living area of the	
		apartments are	
		generally orientated to	
		the east and west to	
		facilitate direct solar	
		access.	
	A maximum of 15% of apartments in a	No apartments shall	Complies.
	building receive no direct sunlight between	receive no direct	•
	9 am and 3 pm at mid-winter	sunlight, noting the	
		north-south floor plate	
		orientation of all	
		buildings.	
4B	Natural Ventilation		
	At least 60% of apartments are naturally	61% of the apartments	Complies.
	cross ventilated in the first nine storeys of	shall be naturally cross	
	the building. Apartments at ten storeys or	ventilated.	
	greater are deemed to be cross ventilated		
	only if any enclosure of the balconies at		
	these levels allows adequate natural		
	ventilation and cannot be fully enclosed		
	Overall depth of a cross-over or cross-	The maximum depth of	Complies.
	through apartment does not exceed 18m,	the cross-ventilated	
	measured glass line to glass line.	apartments does not	
4C	Ceiling Heights	apartments does not exceed 18m.	
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4-	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height.	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor-	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are	Complies.
4C	Ceiling HeightsMeasured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:• Habitable Rooms – 2.7m• Non-habitable – 2.4m• Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use.	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope • Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 –	Complies.
4C	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor	Complies.
4C	 Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: Habitable Rooms – 2.7m Non-habitable – 2.4m Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor 	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in	Complies.
4C	 Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: Habitable Rooms – 2.7m Non-habitable – 2.4m Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor These minimums do not preclude higher 	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate	Complies.
4C	 Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: Habitable Rooms – 2.7m Non-habitable – 2.4m Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor 	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate minimum ceiling	Complies.
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	 Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: Habitable Rooms – 2.7m Non-habitable – 2.4m Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor These minimums do not preclude higher ceilings if desired 	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate minimum ceiling	Complies.
4C 4D	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope • Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor These minimums do not preclude higher ceilings if desired	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate minimum ceiling heights of 2.7m for habitable areas.	
	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope • Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor These minimums do not preclude higher ceilings if desired Apartment Size and Layout Apartments are required to have the	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate minimum ceiling heights of 2.7m for habitable areas.	Complies.
	Ceiling Heights Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are: • Habitable Rooms – 2.7m • Non-habitable – 2.4m • Attic spaces – 1.8m at edge with min 30 degree ceiling slope • Mixed use areas – 3.3m for ground and first floor These minimums do not preclude higher ceilings if desired	apartments does not exceed 18m. Ground floor Retail: 4- 5m internal ceiling height. First Floor: 3.7m floor- to-floor heights are provided to allow flexibility for future use. Level 02 to Level 08 – 3.15m floor-to-floor heights are provided in order to accommodate minimum ceiling heights of 2.7m for habitable areas.	

Clause	Design Criteria	Proposal	Compliance
	 1 bedroom - 50m² 2 bedroom - 70m² 3 bedroom - 90m² 	requirements stipulated by objective 4D-1.	
	The minimum internal areas include only one bathroom. Additional bathrooms increase the minimum internal area by 5m ² each A fourth bedroom and further additional bedrooms increase the minimum internal area by 12 m ² each		
	Every habitable room must have a window in an external wall with a total minimum glass area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room. Daylight and air may not be borrowed from other rooms	Habitable rooms have adequate windows.	Complies.
	Habitable room depths are limited to a maximum of 2.5 x the ceiling height	Rooms predominantly comply with the 8m maximum depth, with minor exceedance of 1m to western Anzac parade apartments.	Acceptable.
	In open plan layouts (where the living, dining and kitchen are combined) the maximum habitable room depth is 8m from a window	As above all apartments have an open-plan style living/dining/kitchen area. The majority of apartments comply with the maximum 8m depth. However, due to the configuration and layout of the floor plan, some of the apartments have areas with a depth greater than 8m from a window, with a maximum depth of 8.5 - 9m. The subject apartments exceed the minimum apartment size, affording better amenity for occupants. Given that the non- compliant portions relate to the kitchen areas, the proposal is supported in this instance.	Acceptable.
	Master bedrooms have a minimum area of 10m ² and other bedrooms 9m ² (excluding wardrobe space)	Min of 10sqm and 9sqm respectively.	Complies.
	Bedrooms have a minimum dimension of 3m (excluding wardrobe space)	Min 3m provided for all bedrooms, exclusive of wardrobe space.	Complies.
	Living rooms or combined living/dining rooms have a minimum width of: • 3.6m for studio and 1 bedroom apartments	Min of 3.6 and 4m provided.	Complies.

Clause	Design Criteria		Proposal	Compliance
	4m for 2 and 3 bedroom apartments			
	The width of cross-over or cross-through apartments are at least 4m internally to avoid deep narrow apartment layouts		Min 4m provided to cantilevered apartments above through site link.	Acceptable.
4E	Private Open Space and B	alconies		1
	All apartments are required to have primary balconies as follows:Dwelling typeMinimum areaMinimum depthStudio4 m²-1 bedroom8 m²2m2 bedroom10 m²2m3+ bedroom12 m²2.4mThe minimum balcony depth to be counted as contributing to the balcony area is 1m		All apartments are provided within an area of POS in the form of a balcony. The proposed balconies are generally consistent with the minimum provisions, with several of the balcony areas exceeding the minimum area. In addition, screens have been provided to lower level balconies adjacent to Anzac Parade to address amenity impacts.	Complies.
	For apartments at ground level or on a podium or similar structure, a private open space is provided instead of a balcony. It must have a minimum area of 15m ² and a minimum depth of 3m		No GF level apartments.	N/A
4F	Common Circulation and Spaces			
	The maximum number of apartments off a circulation core on a single level is eight		The proposed circulation space is provided as one core per building. Each core services a maximum of three (3) to six (6) apartments.	Complies.
	For buildings of 10 storeys and over, the maximum number of apartments sharing a single lift is 40.		Development shall be nine (9) storeys.	N/A
4G	Storage			
	In addition to storage bathrooms and bedrooms, storage is provided: • Studio apartments - 4 • 1 bedroom apartments • 2 bedroom apartments • 3+ bedroom apartmen At least 50% of the require be located within the apartments	m ³ s - 6m ³ s - 8m ³ ts - 10m ³ d storage is to	Compliant storage is provided for each unit as part of the basement carpark and within units.	Complies.